

§ 558.235

21 CFR Ch. I (4–1–02 Edition)

(c) *Related tolerances.* See §556.180 of this chapter.

(d) *Conditions of use.* It is used in feed for swine as follows:

(1) *Amount per ton.* Dichlorvos, 348 grams (0.0384 percent).

(i) *Indications for use.* For the removal and control of mature, immature, and/or fourth-stage larvae of the whipworm (*Trichuris suis*), nodular worm (*Oesophagostomum* sp.), large roundworm (*Ascaris suum*) and the thick stomach worm (*Ascarops strongylina*) of the gastrointestinal tract.

(ii) *Limitations.* For swine up to 70 pounds body weight, feed as sole ration for 2 consecutive days. For swine from 70 pounds to market weight, feed as sole ration at the rate of 8.4 pounds of feed per head until the medicated feed has been consumed. For boars, open or bred gilts, and sows, feed as sole ration at the rate of 4.2 pounds per head per day for 2 consecutive days.

(2) *Amount per ton.* Dichlorvos, 479 grams (0.0528 percent).

(i) *Indications for use.* For the removal and control of mature, immature, and/or fourth-stage larvae of the whipworm (*Trichuris suis*), nodular worm (*Oesophagostomum* sp.), large roundworm (*Ascaris suum*), and the thick stomach worm (*Ascarops strongylina*) of the gastrointestinal tract.

(ii) *Limitations.* For boars, open or bred gilts, and sows, feed as sole ration at the rate of 6 pounds per head for one feeding.

(3) *Amount per ton.* Dichlorvos, 334–500 grams (0.0366–0.0550 percent).

(i) *Indications for use.* An aid in improving litter production efficiency by increasing pigs born alive, birth weights, survival to market, and rate of weight gain. Treatment also removes and controls mature, immature and/or fourth stage larvae of whipworm (*Trichuris suis*), nodular worm (*Oesophagostomum* spp.) large roundworm (*Ascaris suum*), and the thick stomach worm (*Ascarops*

strongylina) occurring in the gastrointestinal tract of the sow or gilt.

(ii) *Limitations.* For pregnant swine; mix into a gestation feed to provide 1,000 milligrams per head daily during last 30 days of gestation.

[40 FR 13959, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 40 FR 50258, Oct. 29, 1975; 48 FR 46515, Oct. 13, 1983; 51 FR 7397, Mar. 3, 1986; 51 FR 28547, Aug. 8, 1986; 52 FR 2684, Jan. 26, 1987; 62 FR 35077, June 30, 1997]

§ 558.235 Efrotomycin.

(a) *Approvals.* Type A medicated article: 14.5 grams per pound to 050604 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(b) *Conditions of use*—(1) *Swine.* (i) *Amount.* 3.6 grams per ton.

(A) *Indications for use.* For improved feed efficiency.

(B) *Limitations.* Feed continuously as sole ration. Not to be used in swine weighing more than 250 pounds.

(ii) *Amount.* 3.6 to 14.5 grams per ton.

(A) *Indications for use.* For increased rate of weight gain.

(B) *Limitations.* Feed continuously as sole ration. Not to be used in swine weighing more than 250 pounds.

(2) [Reserved]

[57 FR 38442, Aug. 25, 1992, as amended at 62 FR 63271, Nov. 28, 1997]

§ 558.248 Erythromycin thiocyanate.

(a) *Approvals.* Type A medicated articles: (1) 2.2 percent to 061133 in §510.600(c) of this chapter for use as in paragraph (d) of this section.

(2) 5 and 10 percent to 061133 for use in paragraphs (d)(1)(i) and (ii) of this section.

(b) *Special considerations.* The levels of antibiotic are expressed in terms of erythromycin master standard. One gram of erythromycin thiocyanate is equivalent to 0.925 gram of erythromycin master standard.

(c) *Related tolerances.* See §556.230 of this chapter.

(d) *Condition of use.* (1) It is used as follows:

Erythromycin thiocyanate in grams per ton	Combination in grams per ton	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
(i) 4.6 to 18.5	Chickens; growth promotion and feed efficiency.	061133